The Old and New Towns of Edinburgh World Heritage Site

A Short Guide
April 2019
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Introduction

This short guide is an introduction to the Old and New Towns of Edinburgh World Heritage Site (WHS), its inscription on the World Heritage List, and its management and governance. It is one of a series of Site-specific short guides for each of Scotland’s six WHS.

For information outlining what World Heritage status is and what it means, the responsibilities and benefits attendant upon achieving World Heritage status, and current approaches to protection and management. See the World Heritage in Scotland short guide.

See Further Information and Contacts for more information.

World Heritage Sites in Scotland

KEY:

1. Heart of Neolithic Orkney
2. St Kilda
3. Frontiers of the Roman Empire: Antonine Wall
4. New Lanark
5. OLD AND NEW TOWNS OF EDINBURGH
6. Forth Bridge

Cover image: View of the Old Town and Castle © CEC
The Old and New Towns of Edinburgh: Key Facts

- Inscribed on the World Heritage List in 1995 as a cultural WHS.
- The Site contains nearly 4,500 individual buildings, of which over 75% are listed due to special architectural or historic interest.
- The WHS also contains Scheduled Monuments, the best known being Edinburgh Castle.
- The Site represents a remarkable blend of two urban phenomena: the organic medieval growth and the eighteenth and nineteenth century town planning.
- The WHS has retained its historic urban form and character to a remarkable extent.
- In the New Town the integrity of the street layout is a key defining factor of its character. In the Old Town the ‘spine and ribs’ pattern of the High Street and its closes and wynds maintains the medieval street and its associated land holding pattern.
- The Old Town was overlaid in the late 18th century and early 19th century with wide streets as a result of the City Improvement Acts and commercial ventures.
- There are many open spaces and graveyards throughout the Site.
- The Old Town contains two 12th century burghs with two early royal palaces (one within the castle), a medieval abbey, and a wealth of early buildings.
- The New Town contains a high concentration of world-class neo-classical buildings, remarkably intact.
- The WHS contains the dramatic river valley of the Water of Leith. The valley contains the original mill settlements of Bell’s Mill, the village of Dean and part of Stockbridge.
- The Old and New Towns of Edinburgh WHS is located at the heart of Scotland’s capital city, covering some four square miles of the urban area. It includes certain areas where World Heritage status might be used to inspire careful redevelopment and excludes other areas that act as natural buffers (such as Holyrood Park and the Meadows).

The World Heritage Site

**THE OLD AND NEW TOWNS OF EDINBURGH**

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There is no formal buffer zone around the Site. The main objective outside the World Heritage boundary is to protect the iconic skyline, and the key views in and out of the Site, as well as its setting. National guidance, alongside conservation areas and listed building designations and a Skyline Study, offer sophisticated layers of protection beyond that of a traditional buffer zone. The Skyline Study defines the dramatic topography of Arthur’s Seat, Calton Hill, the Firth of Forth and surrounding hills as the additional attributes critical to the understanding, and therefore the protection, of the WHS.
Managing The Old and New Towns of Edinburgh

KEY MANAGEMENT PARTNERS

The partners in managing the Old and New Towns of Edinburgh WHS are the City of Edinburgh Council (CEC), Historic Environment Scotland (HES), and Edinburgh World Heritage (EWH). A Steering Group composed of representatives of all the partner organisations coordinates and implements the aims and objectives set out in the WHS Management Plan.

A WHS coordinator ensures effective coordination between partners, coordinates and drives forward implementation, monitoring and revision of the Management Plan and associated action plans/objectives, promotes the OUV and public benefit of the WHS, increases awareness and understanding among partners, stakeholders and the public, and serves as a central point for advice.

For more information about World Heritage governance in Scotland see the World Heritage in Scotland Short Guide.

Statement of Outstanding Universal Value

Each WHS has a Statement of Outstanding Universal Value (SOUV) which provides a clear understanding of the reasons for the Site’s inscription on the World Heritage List, and of what needs to be managed in order to sustain the OUV for the long term. The SOUV describes the WHS and its importance, lists the Criteria for inscription on the World Heritage List, explains how the WHS satisfies UNESCO’s requirements for Authenticity and Integrity, and summarises the management requirements. See Further Information & Contacts for a link to the full SOUV document for the Old and New Towns of Edinburgh WHS.

CRITERIA

To be included on the World Heritage List, Sites must meet at least one out of ten selection criteria, as explained in UNESCO’s Operational Guidelines for the Implementation of the World Heritage Convention. The Criteria under which the Old and New Towns of Edinburgh WHS is inscribed on the World Heritage List are:

Criterion (ii): Exhibit an important interchange of human values, over a span of time or within a cultural area of the world, on developments in architecture or technology, monumental arts, town-planning or landscape design.

The successive planned extensions of the New Town, and the high quality of its architecture, set standards for Scotland and beyond, and exerted a major influence on the development of urban architecture and town planning throughout Europe, in the 18th and 19th centuries.

Criterion (iv): Be an outstanding example of a type of building or architectural or technological ensemble or landscape which illustrates (a) significant stage(s) in human history.

The Old and New Towns together form a dramatic reflection of significant changes in European urban planning, from the inward looking, defensive walled medieval city of royal palaces, abbeys and organically developed burgage plots in the Old Town, through the expansive formal Enlightenment planning of the 18th and 19th centuries in the New Town, to the 19th century rediscovery and revival of the Old Town with its adaptation of a distinctive Baronial style of architecture in an urban setting.
Managing The Old and New Towns of Edinburgh

THE MANAGEMENT PLAN

The Management Plan is a framework document for the preservation of the OUV of the WHS. The Old and New Towns of Edinburgh Management Plan 2017-2022 is the third management plan for the site. It was prepared by the management partners of the site: City of Edinburgh Council, Historic Environment Scotland and Edinburgh World Heritage. It was informed by extensive pre-draft consultation to identify the issues taken forward in the Plan. The feedback from the consultation was analysed in a number of forums, including workshops with a specially created Oversight Group including Community Councils and ICOMOS (UK).

It sets out how the Site will be managed by identifying a series of key issues and devising specific objectives or actions to address these issues. It was developed collaboratively by the Partners, the bodies who have a role in actively managing the Site and access to it.

The long-term aims for the WHS are:

- Protect its outstanding universal value and promote its harmonious adaptation to the needs of contemporary life in a modern city.
- Ensure that its unique qualities and its global significance are understood in order to conserve and to safeguard the inherited cultural and historic assets.
- Agree and co-ordinate action between interest groups through the medium of a Management Plan containing all necessary principles and policies.
- Ensure that it continues to be a thriving, living, contemporary city with services and facilities which meet users’ needs and respect the WHS’s cultural and historical significance.
- Build strong partnerships with local, national and international communities and organisations in order to bring people together to deliver the vision.
- Foster pride, awareness and understanding, and make it accessible, inclusive and enjoyable for all.
- Strive to make it an exemplar in urban heritage management and conservation, using the highest standards of design and materials.

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Planning and the Old and New Towns of Edinburgh

World Heritage designation does not result in additional direct legal protection. Instead, the WHS is protected through the planning system by identifying listed buildings and conservation areas. Scotland’s Third National Planning Framework recognises the value of WHS as part of the historic environment. Scottish Planning Policy requires that planning authorities protect WHS and their settings from inappropriate development by including relevant policies in the Local Development Plan. The Historic Environment Policy for Scotland (HEPS) (2019) sets out a series of principles and policies for the recognition, care, and sustainable management of the historic environment.


Listed buildings are buildings of architectural or historical interest. Around 75% of the buildings within the WHS are listed.

Conservation areas protect the historic character of an area, not only buildings but also features such as trees, parks, paving and street furniture. The whole of the WHS is protected by the Old Town, New Town, Dean Village and West End Conservation Areas and parts or three further Conservation Areas.

The Old and New Towns of Edinburgh WHS is protected by a policy in the local development plan for the city that recognises the importance of protecting the OUV of the site. There is also specific guidance on the protection of key views, which is critical to protecting the OUV. The aims of the Management Plan will also be delivered through a range of CEC strategies including transport, public realm, economic development, waste and cleansing, tourism and climate change. These can be found on the CEC website.

THE VISION

“We share an aspiration for the World Heritage Site to sustain its outstanding universal value by safeguarding and enhancing its exceptional historic environment. This underpins a confident and thriving capital city centre, its communities, and its cultural and economic life.”

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT LEGISLATION, POLICY AND GUIDANCE:

- Our Place in Time – The Historic Environment Strategy for Scotland (March 2014)
- The Town and Country Planning (Scotland) Act 1997 as amended by the Planning etc. (Scotland) Act 2006
- Scottish Planning Policy (2014)
- Planning Advice Note 2/2011 Planning and Archaeology
- Historic Environment (Amendment) Scotland Act 2011, which amends three pieces of primary legislation
- – The Ancient Monuments and Archaeological Areas Act 1979; and
- Historic Environment Policy for Scotland (HEPS) (2019)
- Managing Change in the Historic Environment Guidance Notes, HES Managing Change in the Historic Environment Guidance Notes, HES
The Old and New Towns of Edinburgh WHS is protected by a policy in the Edinburgh City Local Plan that recognises the importance of protecting the OUV of the Site. There is also specific guidance on the protection of key views, which is critical to protecting the OUV.

Further Information and Contacts

Old and New Towns of Edinburgh Coordinator
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KEY LINKS
Old and New Towns of Edinburgh Management Plan
www.ewh.org.uk/managementplan
Edinburgh World Heritage:
www.ewht.org.uk
UNESCO World Heritage Centre
– World Heritage List: Old and New Towns of Edinburgh:
whc.unesco.org/en/list/728

Old and New Towns of Edinburgh WHS on the HES website: here you can find links to the Management Plan and SOUV:
www.historicenvironment.scot/old-and-new-towns-of-edinburgh

For planning policies and guidance see the City of Edinburgh Council local and strategic development plan pages:
www.edinburgh.gov.uk/info/20194/local_development_plan

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Guests at the Knight at the Castle event

Aerial view of Edinburgh with the New Town in the foreground.

Guests at the Knight at the Castle event

Aerial view of Edinburgh with the New Town in the foreground.